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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/730,333	12/05/2000	Christophe Laudamiel-Pellet	8356	8185	
27752 7	590 03/17/2004		EXAMINER		
	ER & GAMBLE COMI	THORNTON, KRISANNE MARIE			
	IAL PROPERTY DIVISIO L TECHNICAL CENTER	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
6110 CENTER HILL AVENUE			1744		
CINCINNATI,	, ОН 45224		DATE MAH ED: 02/17/200	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Application N	lo.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/730,333		LAUDAMIEL-PELLET ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Krisanne M. T	hornton	1744				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the co	ver sheet with the c	correspondence ad	ddress			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was the reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, he within the statutory will apply and will exp	owever, may a reply be time minimum of thirty (30) days ire SIX (6) MONTHS from on to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a) <u></u> □	☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowar	•	•		e merits is			
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle	e, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4) 🖂	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		•					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requ	rement.					
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note t	he attached Office	Action or form P	10-152.			
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
,	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority	s have been re s have been re rity documents	eceived. eceived in Applicati have been receive	ion No	l Stage			
* (	application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	•		2d				
`	see the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified	copies not receive	zu.				
Attachmen	ıt(s)							
′ ==	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)	Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	•				
3) Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	5) 6)	<b>—</b> ' ' '	Patent Application (PT	O-152)			

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Claims 1-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Spector U.S. patent No. 4,629,604.

Spector clearly teaches a method of providing multiple scent emitting articles. It is taught that they are chosen and arranged to coordinate and therefor are obviously of a "common theme". The scent emitting articles can be used with other media, however, that is not required. The scent of Spector is provided on cartridges that are resealable and reusueable, and each are provided with identification.

Spector teaches generally circular elements, however, mere changes in shape do not provide patentable differentiation.

## **Double Patenting**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-31 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-31 of copending Application No. 09/730261. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are the same inventive

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concept, having only cosmetic (i.e. obvious differing shapes for the claimed scent elements) and semantic differences in their claim construction.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Krisanne M. Thornton whose telephone number is 571-272-1279. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Wed. 6:30am-4:00pm and alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert J. Warden can be reached on 571-272-1281. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

March 3, 2004

PRIMARY EXAMINER